**Title:** Data to support study of Structural Bifurcation in the High $\rightarrow$ Low-Spin and Low $\rightarrow$ High-Spin Phase Transitions Explains the Asymmetric Spin-Crossover in [FeL<sub>2</sub>][BF<sub>4</sub>]<sub>2</sub> (L = 2,6-Di{pyrazol-1-yl}isonicotinonitrile)

**Creator(s):** Ahmed Ahmed,<sup>[1,2]</sup> Amy Hall,<sup>[1]</sup> Hari Babu Vasili,<sup>[1]</sup> Rafal Kulmaczewski,<sup>[1]</sup> Alexander N. Kulak,<sup>[1]</sup> Oscar Cespedes,<sup>[1]</sup> Christopher M. Pask,<sup>[1]</sup> Lee Brammer,<sup>[3]</sup> Thomas M. Roseveare,<sup>[3]</sup> Malcolm A. Halcrow<sup>[1]</sup>

Organisation(s): 1. University of Leeds. 2. University of Galway. 3. University of Sheffield.

Rights-holder(s): Malcolm A. Halcrow

#### Publication Year: 2024

**Description:** The title compound exhibits a cooperative spin-transition with an unusual asymmetric hysteresis. It crystallizes as a mixture of two high-spin polymorphs HS1 and HS2, which convert simultaneously to the low-spin phases LS3 and LS4 on cooling. The HS1 and LS3 fractions increase at the expense of HS2 and LS4 upon repeated scanning, which reflects that HS2 converts to a mixture of LS3 and LS4 on cooling, and LS4 to HS1 and HS2 on rewarming.

**Cite as:** Ahmed, Ahmed, Hall, Amy, Vasili, Hari Babu, Kulmaczewski, Rafal, Kulak, Alexander N., Cespedes, Oscar, Pask, Christopher M., Brammer, Lee, Roseveare, Thomas M., and Halcrow, Malcolm A. (2024): Data to support study of Structural Bifurcation in the High $\rightarrow$ Low-Spin and Low $\rightarrow$ High-Spin Phase Transitions Explains the Asymmetric Spin-Crossover in [FeL<sub>2</sub>][BF<sub>4</sub>]<sub>2</sub> (L = 2,6-Di{pyrazol-1-yl}isonicotinonitrile). [Dataset] https://doi.org/10.5518/1564

**Related publication:** Ahmed, Ahmed, Hall, Amy, Vasili, Hari Babu, Kulmaczewski, Rafal, Kulak, Alexander N., Cespedes, Oscar, Pask, Christopher M., Brammer, Lee, Roseveare, Thomas M., and Halcrow, Malcolm A. (2024): Structural Bifurcation in the High $\rightarrow$ Low-Spin and Low $\rightarrow$ High-Spin Phase Transitions Explains the Asymmetric Spin-Crossover in [FeL<sub>2</sub>][BF<sub>4</sub>]<sub>2</sub> (L = 2,6-Di{pyrazol-1-yl}isonicotinonitrile). *Angewandte Chemie International Edition*, doi: 10.1002/anie.202416924

Contact: m.a.halcrow@leeds.ac.uk

### 2. TERMS OF USE

Copyright 2024 Malcolm A. Halcrow. This dataset is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International Licence: https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/.

### **3. PROJECT AND FUNDING INFORMATION**

Title: Understanding and Engineering Function in Switchable Molecular Crystals Dates: 2013-2018 Funding organisation: EPSRC Grant no.: EP/K012576/1 Title: Quantifying the Dynamic Response in Metal-Organic Frameworks (MOFs): A Platform for Tuning Chemical Space in Porous Materials Dates: 2021-2024 Funding organisation: EPSRC Grant no.: EP/T034068/1

Title: Station I11 Rapid Access Service Dates: 2024 Funding organisation: Diamond Light Source Grant no.: CY37697

This work was also funded by the University of Leeds.

# 4. CONTENTS

The dataset contains data for this study:

Elemental microanalyses (microanalysis.zip).

<sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C spectra of L, and a paramagnetic <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of the complex (raw and processed data – *NMR*.zip).

Infra-red spectra of the ligand and complexes (IR.zip)

X-ray powder diffraction data (measured and simulated – *XRPD*.zip).

Solid state magnetic susceptibility measurements (raw and processed data – SQUID.zip).

Differential scanning calorimetry data – (DSC.zip).

Scanning electron microscopy and optical microscopy images of [FeL<sub>2</sub>][BF<sub>4</sub>]<sub>2</sub> crystal samples (*microscopy*.zip)

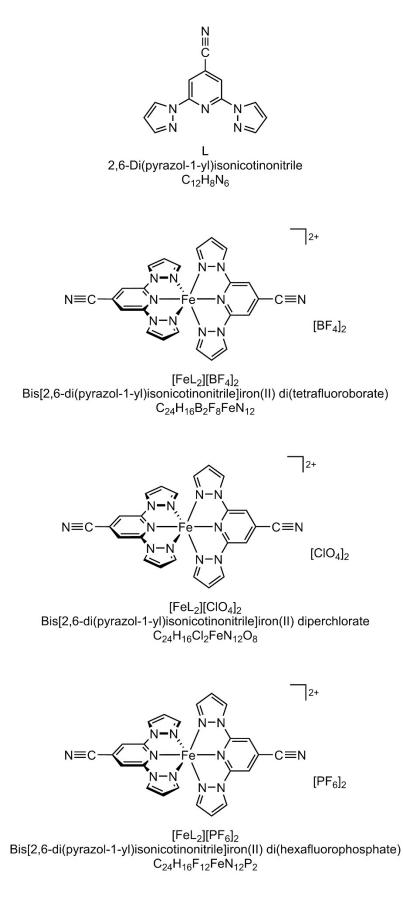
X-ray crystallographic data (crystal.zip):

- Structure of L at 120 K (CCDC 2375310).
- Structure of [FeL<sub>2</sub>][BF<sub>4</sub>]<sub>2</sub>, HS1 phase at 300 K (CCDC 2380639).
- Structure of [FeL<sub>2</sub>][BF<sub>4</sub>]<sub>2</sub>, HS2 phase at 300 K (CCDC 2380640).
- Structure of [FeL<sub>2</sub>][BF<sub>4</sub>]<sub>2</sub>, LS3 phase at 120 K (CCDC 2375311).
- Structure of [FeL<sub>2</sub>][ClO<sub>4</sub>]<sub>2</sub> at 120 K (CCDC 2375312).
- Structure of [FeL<sub>2</sub>][PF<sub>6</sub>]<sub>2</sub> at 125 K (CCDC 2375313).
- Structure of [FeL2][CF3SO3]2 at 120 K (CCDC 2375314).
- Structure of [Ag(μ-L)]BF<sub>4</sub> 0.5MeNO<sub>2</sub> at 120 K (CCDC 2375315).

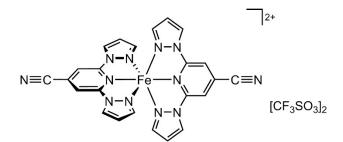
### 5. METHODS

Full details are provided in the related publication, listed above.

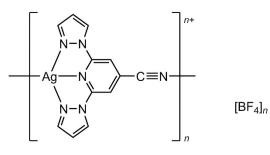
#### Compounds referred to in this dataset



# Compounds referred to in this dataset (continued)



$$\label{eq:FeL2} \begin{split} & [\text{FeL}_2][\text{CF}_3\text{SO}_3]_2\\ \text{Bis}[2,6\text{-di}(pyrazol\text{-}1\text{-}yl)\text{isonicotinonitrile}]\text{iron}(II) \ \text{di}(\text{trifluoromethanesulfonate})\\ & C_{26}H_{16}F_6\text{FeN}_{12}O_6S_2 \end{split}$$



 $\label{eq:cateron} \begin{array}{c} [Ag(\mu\text{-}L)]BF_4\\ Cateroa\mathcate{-}Cateroa\mathcate{-}[2,6\mathcate{-}di(pyrazol\mathcate{-}1\mathcate{-}yl)isonicotinonitrile]silver(I) tetrafluoroborate\\ C_{12}H_8AgBF_4N_6 \end{array}$